



### AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

1. (Currently amended) A data transmission system in which metallic structure of a pipeline system is used as a signal channel and earth is used as return, comprising: current loop path forming apparatus, said current loop path for use in applying signals to the signal channel and earth return circuit, the loop having first and second conducting portions electrically connected to one another at a first location and electrically connected to one another at a second location, the second location being spaced from the first location, and the metallic structure comprising at least one of the conducting portions; and

a local unit having a transmitter for applying a signal to one of the conducting portions, whereby in use a potential difference is generated between earth and the metallic structure in the region of the loop which causes a signal to be propagated along the signal channel provided by the metallic structure away from the loop, wherein the loop forming apparatus is arranged to ensure that the spaced locations are separated by at least a minimum distance selected to give desired transmission characteristics, and the transmitter comprises an inductive coupling arrangement disposed around the respective conducting portion.

2. (Original) A data transmission system according to Claim 1 in which the pipeline system comprises an inner flow line and a surrounding casing wherein, one

conducting portion comprises a portion of the flow line and the other conducting portion comprises a surrounding portion of the casing.

3. (Original) A data transmission system according to Claim 2 in which the loop forming apparatus comprises at least one insulating spacer for keeping the flow line spaced from the surrounding casing for the selected minimum distance.

4. (Original) A data transmission system according to Claim 2 in which the spaced connections between the first and second conducting portions comprise glancing contacts between the flow line and casing beyond the selected region.

5. (Original) A data transmission system according to Claim 1 in which the local unit comprises a receiver for receiving incoming signals transmitted along the metallic structure.

6. (Original) A data transmission system according to Claim 5 in which the local unit is arranged to act as a relay station.

7. (Original) A data transmission system according to claim 1 in which the transmitter is arranged to apply signals substantially at the midpoint of the respective conducting portion.

8-9. (Cancelled).

10. (Original) A data transmission system according to Claim 1 in which one conducting portion comprises a portion of one of a pipeline and a flowline and the other conducting portion comprises at least one electrically conductive elongate member connecting at least two pigs disposed within said one of a pipeline and a flowline and wherein the spaced connections to complete the current loop path are provided at the pigs.

11-12. (Cancelled).

13. (Currently Amended) A method of data transmission in which metallic structure of a pipeline system is used as a signal channel and earth is used as return comprising the steps of:

arranging a current loop path for use in applying signals to the signal channel and earth return circuit, the loop having first and second conducting portions electrically connected to one another at a first location and electrically connected to one another at a second location, the second location being spaced from the first location, and the metallic structure comprising at least one of the conducting portions;

applying a signal to one of the conducting portions using an inductive coupling arrangement disposed around the respective conducting portion to generate a potential difference between earth and the metallic structure in the region of the loop and cause a signal to be propagated along the signal channel provided by the metallic structure away from the loop; and

ensuring that the spaced locations are separated by at least a minimum distance selected to give desired transmission characteristics.

14. (Currently amended) Signal receiving apparatus for use with a data transmission system in which metallic structure of a pipeline system is used as a signal channel and earth is used as return, comprising a local unit having a receiver, an arrangement for providing electrical contact between the local unit and at least two spaced locations on a portion of the metallic structure and an arrangement for ensuring that the two spaced locations are separated by at least a minimum distance selected to give desired reception characteristics, wherein said arrangement for providing electrical contact ~~include~~ includes a first electrically conductive member portion for connecting the local unit to a first of the two locations and a second electrically conductive member portion for connecting the local unit to a second of the two locations, and wherein the receiver comprises an inductive coupling arrangement disposed around a respective conducting portion.

15. (Cancelled).

16. (Original) A data transmission system for use in pipeline systems which transmission system comprises:

apparatus for forming a current loop path comprising a portion of an inner conductive member and a corresponding portion of an outer conductive member electrically connected to one another at two spaced locations, the outer conductive member surrounding the inner conductive member and being part of the metallic structure of a pipeline system;

an internal unit disposed within the outer member and having a transmitter for injecting a signal into the loop; and

an external unit disposed outside the outer member and comprising an inductive coupling arrangement arranged to be linked by flux generated by current in the loop, the arrangement being such that in use the current flowing in said portion of the inner member does not match the current flowing in the corresponding portion of the outer member whereby signals are generated in the inductive coupling arrangement so allowing communication from the internal unit to the external unit.

17. (Original) A data transmission system according to Claim 16 in which the spaced locations are separated by at least a selected minimum distance chosen to give desired transmission characteristics.

18. (Original) A data transmission system according to Claim 16 which is arranged for use in a pipeline system comprising an inner conductive flowline and an outer conductive casing, said outer member comprising part of the casing and said inner member comprising part of the flowline.

19. (Original) A data transmission system according to Claim 18 in which the casing comprises a plurality of separate sections and mating surfaces at at least one joint between adjacent sections are coated with an isolating medium.

20. (Original) A data transmission system according to Claim 18 in which the electrical connections between the flowline and casing comprise at least one of glancing contacts and conductive packers.

21. (Original) A data transmission system according to claim 16 in which the apparatus for forming the loop comprises insulating spacer means.

22. (Original) A method of data transmission for use in pipeline systems which method comprises the steps of:

forming a current loop path comprising a portion of an inner conductive member and a corresponding portion of an outer conductive member electrically connected to one another at two spaced locations, the outer conductive member surrounding the inner conductive member and being part of the metallic structure of a pipeline system;

injecting a signal into the loop from an internal unit disposed within the outer member; and

disposing an external unit outside the outer member which unit comprises an inductive coupling arrangement arranged to be linked by flux generated by current flowing in the loop,

and the arrangement being such that the current flowing in said portion of the inner member does not match the current flowing in the corresponding portion of the outer member whereby signals are generated in the inductive coupling arrangement so allowing communication from the internal unit to the external unit.

23. (Original) A method of data transmission according to Claim 22 in which the spaced locations are separated by at least a selected minimum distance chosen to give desired transmission characteristics.

24. (Original) Apparatus for use with a metallic structure to provide a system according to claim 1.

25. (Original) Apparatus for use with a metallic structure to carry out a method according to claim 13.

26. (Original) A data transmission system in which metallic structure of a pipeline system is used as a signal channel and earth is used as return comprising signal coupling loop forming apparatus, said loop having first and second conducting portions electrically connected to one another at spaced locations, the metallic structure comprising one of the conducting portions, and a local unit having a transmitter for applying a signal to one of the conducting portions whereby in use a potential difference is generated between earth and the metallic structure in the region of the loop which causes a signal to be propagated along the metallic structure away from the loop, wherein the loop forming apparatus is arranged to ensure that the spaced locations are separated by at least a minimum distance selected to give desired transmission characteristics and one conducting portion comprises a portion of an elongate deploying member which is arranged to move within and relative to a surrounding portion of metallic structure.

27. (Original) A data transmission system according to claim 26 in which the loop forming apparatus comprises at least one conductive centraliser arranged to

keep the deployment member away from the surrounding portion of metallic structure for a predetermined minimum distance whilst also providing connection between the conducting portions at one of the spaced locations.

28. (Original) A data transmission system according to claim 26 in which the deployment member comprises coiled tubing.

29. (Original) A data transmission system according to claim 26 in which the local unit comprises a receiver for receiving incoming signals transmitted along the metallic structure.

30. (Original) A data transmission system in which metallic structure of a well is used as a signal channel and earth is used as return, comprising an elongate deployment member arranged to move within and relative to a surrounding portion of metallic structure, a local unit supported on the deployment member and having at least one of a receiver and a transmitter coupled to the deployment member respectively for receiving signals from and transmitting signals along the signal channel, and at least one spacer arranged to ensure that the deployment member and the surrounding portion of metallic structure are spaced from one another for at least a selected minimum distance in the region of the local unit, said minimum distance being selected to give at least one of desired reception and desired transmission characteristics.



31. (Currently amended) A method of data transmission in which metallic structure of a pipeline system is used as a signal channel and earth is used as return comprising the steps of:

arranging a signal coupling loop having first and second conducting portions electrically connected to one another at spaced locations, the metallic structure comprising the first ~~[[the]]~~ conducting portion, and a portion of an elongate deploying member which is arranged to move within and relative to a surrounding portion of metallic structure comprising the second conducting portion;

applying a signal to one of the conducting portions to generate a potential difference between earth and the metallic structure in the region of the loop and cause a signal to be propagated along the metallic structure away from the loop; and

ensuring that the spaced locations are separated by at least a minimum distance selected to give desired transmission characteristics.

32. (Original) Apparatus for use with a metallic structure to provide a system according to claim 26.

33. (Original) Apparatus for use with a metallic structure to carry out a method according to claim 31.

34. (Original) A system according to claim 26 in which signals may be transmitted as the deploying member is moving relative to the surrounding portion of metallic structure.

35. (Original) A method according to claim 31 in which signals may be transmitted as the deploying member is moving relative to the surrounding portion of metallic structure.

36. (Currently amended) A data transmission system in which metallic structure of a pipeline system is used as a signal channel and earth is used as return, comprising means for forming a current loop path for use in applying signals to the signal channel and earth return circuit, the loop having first and second conducting portions electrically connected to one another at a first location and electrically connected to one another at a second location, the second location being spaced from the first location, and the metallic structure comprising at least one of the conducting portions, and a local unit having transmitting means for applying a signal to one of the conducting portions whereby in use a potential difference is generated between earth and the metallic structure in the region of the loop which causes a signal to be propagated along the signal channel provided by the metallic structure away from the loop, wherein the means for forming the loop is arranged to ensure that the spaced locations are separated by at least a minimum distance selected to give desired transmission characteristics and the transmitting means comprises an inductive coupling arrangement disposed around the respective conducting portion.